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TWO CENTS.

DELAYED BY FRENCH HOUSE OF LORDS FROM BEDS, SLAIN, AS PARLEY CLOSES

Barthou to Recommend Pact to Paris-Some Other Nations Reserve Rights.

LLOYD GEORGE HOPEFUL DESPITE DISAPPOINTMENT

French Delegate Declares Solution in Russia Is Impossible Without

U. S. Participation. By the Associated Press. GENOA, May 19.-The Genoa economic conference, one of the greatest poltical gatherings in Europe's history, which brought here the representatives of thirty-four nations, adjourned at 1:15 p.m. today after six weeks of momentous deliberations.

Its labors will be begun anew at The

Hague on June 15. The conference adopted the report of the economic commission, which contains constructive recommendations for the economic reorganization of Europe; adopted the arrangements for the conference at The Hague, and proclaimed Prime Minister Lloyd George's famous non-aggression pact, which, though provisional in its nature, it is hoped to follow with a permanent European peace pact. M. Rarthou, for France, merely said he would recommend the truce to his government.

Facta Closes Sessions.

Premier Facta of Italy, as president of the conference, solemnly closed its sessions by bidding farewell to all the delegations on behalf of the king, the government and the people of Italy by thanking them for their valuable work and by expressing best wishes for the future prosperity of all the nations.

The Dutch minister, on behalf of liolland, voiced the assurance that everything possible would be done by the Netherlands to facilitate the work of the forthcoming conference of experts, with the Dutch government and people contributing all they could to the success of the meeting at The Hague.

Keynote One of Friendship.

The keynote of all the remarks at the final session was one of friendship and earnest desire to help Russia, but Premier Lloyd George point sentatives the unfortunate effect their tamous memorandum had had on the world and told them that if they wished for success at The Hague they had better abandon their eloquent presentation of the doctrine of re-pudiation of debts.

British premier remarked.

Foreign Minister Tchitcherin of Russia protested against the exclusion of the Russians from the work of the labor committee of the Conference, but M. Colrat of the French delegation retorted that they had been left out because they did not attend the meetings and seemed to show little interest in the cause of

great good had been accomplished by the conference. He went the British premier one better, however, by insisting that the attitude of the Russians had been much more moderate than he had expected. He hoped that at The Hague Russia would assume a

wiser and more prudent attitude.

"This attitude," added Baron Hayashi, "will bring help to the other countries in Europe in future days, perhaps in the near future from The British premier warned Russia

that Europe was gradually filling up the gap left by Russia's decline, but was sad to see millions of Russians in despair and starving.

Says Russians Must Accept.

When a man sells goods, declared Mr. Lloyd George, he expects the buyer to pay for them; when a man lends money, he expects the borrower to repay, and when a man asks a second loan, he must repay the first one. He argued that "the Russian tornado" had not uprooted these basic laws of the world's business, and declared the Russians must accept them if they lished by early next week. wished the world's co-operation.

Foreign Minister Tchitcherin of so-viet Russia, responding to Mr. Lloyd George's remarks regarding the Rus-sian memorandum and the appeal from the British premier to the Rus-sians to modify their economic views,

said:

"Even Mr. Lloyd George's brilliant eloquence cannot convert the Russian people, who have other prejudices. For instance, if one's neighbor burns down one's house, he should pay for the damage. The Russians, however, will continue their efforts for peace."

Palaces Still Decorated.

San Giorgio Palace and the royal palace were still brillianlty decorated with flowers, and the flags of all the nations when the delegates gathered for the last time. Immaculately uniformed soldiers were on duty every-

The report of the economic commission, which has been laboring for five weeks, studying projects for the economic reconstruction of the continent, was presented by its chairman, M. Coirat, one of the French plenipotentiaries and undersecretary of state in the French cabinet.

The last session of the conference was called to order by the chairman, Premier Facts of Italy.

Bright sunshine greated the delegates on their way to sap Giorgio Palace and lighted up the great medieval hall as they took their seats.

Richard Washburn Child, American ambassador to Italy, was present, sitting with a number of other visitors, among whom was the Archbishop of Genoa.

M. Celrat, in presenting the report (Continued on Page 4, Column 4.)

SANCTION OF TRUCE LADY RHONDDA IS DENIED SEAT IN



LONDON, May 19.—By a vote of 20 to 4 the committee on privileges of the house of lords decided today that Lady Rhondda's claim and petition to sit in the house of lords had "not been made out."

Lady Rhondda's petition to sit in the house of lords was granted by the committee on privileges March 2, but when the decision was re-ported to the house late in March it was referred back to the com-

mittee.

The sentiment of the debate in the house of lords over the reference back to the committee was apparently against the admission of women. Lady Rhondda, daughter of the late Viscount Rhondda, Great Britain's war-time food controller, is one of the leading figures in the business world of Great Britain, having succeeded her father, long known as the "coal king," in the direction of numerous of his large business enterprises.

CHILE-PERU ISSUES **NEARER SOLUTION**

Delegates of Two Nations Hopeful of Settling Ancon

Treaty Problems. After a two-day recess, during

which both sides are understood to have taken steps to inform themselves more fully regarding the at-"Such a course is unwise when titude of their governments, the Chilean-Peruvian conference of called together again today with the delegates hopeful that definite resuits soon would be attained.

Details of the discussions again were kept in closest confidence, al-though the Chileans disclosed that they still were holding to their atti-tude that the validity of the treaty of Ancon was not open to question of Ancon was not open to question and that they were here to conside

Feeting of Equality Lost.

M. Tchitcherin's last word at the conference was that the real cause of the failure to reach a settlement of the Russian question was that the footing of equality between Russia and the other powers had not been maintained.

Baron Hayashi of Japan was at one with Mr. Lloyd George in declaring great good had been accomplished by

ognition.

Progress Made in Discussion. Despite the unwillingness of the Chilean and Peruvian delegates to talk shout details of the moves already made, it was learned today that the conference had progressed further in its discussions than the ordinary observer might guess from the surface appearance of the official announcements. As a general plan, the delegations are attempting to deal first with subjects more or less collateral in their nature and giving most promise of quick solution, but they have found it impossible to put action and activate the major issues aven. aside entirely the major issues, even in the opening phases of their con-versations.

versations.

So far the exchanges still are in a stage described in diplomacy as "preliminary and informal," however, and how soon the main problems of the conference can be narrowed to a point of decision cannot be foretold with authority. In some well informed circles it would occasion no

Latin Americans Interested.

Realizing the possibility of rapid development, the diplomatic representatives of all the Latin American countries here are taking the liveliest interest in the proceedings. Some of them are not as well advised as they would like to be, because of the cloak of secrecy thrown about the conference. They are neglecting no source of information, however, and several have made comprehensive reports to their governments.

The United States State Department has taken a similar attitude of watchhas taken a similar attitude of watchfulness, although it, too, has had to
rely on more or less roundabout
methods of obtaining information.
Not only is the Washington government keeping aloof from the actual
negotiations, but it is receiving no
formal or official reports of developments from either of the delegations.

Talk of Arbitration.

Talk of Arbitration.

The interest of both the State Department and the Latin American embassics and legations has been intensified by the fact that talk of arbitration by outside powers persists in circles close to the conference. The delegates are unanimous in declaring that they have every hope of settling that they have not lost sight of the prospect that some form of arbitration will come in for discussion should a deadlock develop.

Forecasts of the most likely form of such an arbitration are largely conjectural, but it has been predicted in some quarters that sither President Harding, or the United States Supreme Court would be favored as arbitrator unless it were decided to have a three-government arbitration, persage by the United States Argentine and Breadl.

IN IRISH TERRORISM

Outrage Believed Reprisal for Murders of Members of Ulster Constabulary.

BELFAST ARSON SQUAD SETS SIX SERIOUS FIRES

Factions Seeking Peace at Dublin

Now Fear Second Breakdown in Negotiations.

BELFAST, May 19 .- Four men, all of them Catholics, were dragged from their beds at Desertmartin, county Derry, early today and murdered Half of the village was burned. It is believed here that the outrage was meant as a reprisal for the recent murders of members of the constabulary in South Derry.

The victims were John Higgins forty; Frank Higgins, eighteen; Henry McCreghan, twenty-seven, and James McGreghan, forty. The bodies were found in a heap.

were found in a heap.

The buildings burned included a flour mill, the residence of a Catholic named Wilson and two salcons. The residence of Magistrate Heggarty was fired into, and a number of other houses were wrecked and their furniture destroyed.

Four armed men held up a southern mail train bound for Dublin at Sallins, County Kildare, this morning. More than 100 registered letters and four mail bags consigned to the provisional government were selzed. Detective Constable Heslip was attacked and fatally wounded while on duty in Belfast this afternoon.

Terroriats Set Fires in Belfast.

Terroriats Set Fires in Belfast. Terrorists Set Fires in Belfast.

The terrorists in Belfast began their work again early today. Two hours before the expiration of curfew period incendiary blazes were started in different parts of the city, and before 9 o'clock six buildings were on fire, including the offices of a distillery. Soon after midnight a number of armed men attacked the barracks of the special constabulary in Dock street, and a fierce conflict ensued in which several of the attackers were injured. It is reported that three motor cars were used to remove the wounded. None of the contables was injured.

wounded. None of the contables injured.

The staff at the offices of the distillery, which was the Doran plant, were forced to face the wall and were covered with revolvers while the other raiders carried out the work of destruction. After a time, however, the guard told the office men to make themselves comfortable and handed around cigarettes.

around cigarettes. Heavy Losses Sustained.

The premises involved in the incendiary attack included principally establishments conducted by wholessle concerns. Two of the outbreaks were of considerable extent, but in the majority of cases the firemen quickly extinguished the flames.

In one case the incendiaries entered a motion picture theater, held up the notion picture theater, held up the

charwoman and sprinkled the place with gasoline. The caretaker of the establishment, on entering, was struck on the head by the butt of a revolver but escaped and gave the alarm.

The total damage, it is estimated, will reach many thousands of pounds.

Another transar murder occurred Another tramcar murder occurred yesterday afternoon under circum stances similar to those surrounding the killing of the two tramcar pas-sengers in the morning. The after-noon victim was a bookmaker's clerk named McCaffery. The assassin

FEAR SECOND BREAKDOWN.

Rival Factions at Dublin Benew Efforts for Peace

DUBLIN, May 19 .- Fears were expressed in political circles today that the negotiations for peace between the rival factions in Ireland, renewed Wednesday after what had appeared to be a final breakdown, would again result in a report by the negotiators

that they had failed to come to an agreement.
Further attempts were in progress today, however, and there was hope in some quarters that the last moment might see a favorable turn.

Michael Collins, head of the provisional government, and Eamonn De Valera, the republican leader, in a prolonged consuitation with no others present, are believed to have been near a settlement. The views of observers, however, is that each has been embarrassed by the difficulty of carrying his followers with him.

Prospects Less Bright. that they had failed to come to an

Prospects Less Bright. At a meeting last night the mem bers of the pro-treaty party heard from Collins the result of his conversation with De Valera and when the meeting broke up the prospect of peace seemed less bright.

of peace seemed less bright.

The fundamental point of difference it appears is that the treaty party thinks a coalition government should be formed only to work the treaty, while Mr. De Valera thinks any acceptance of the treaty is a denial of the nepublican principle. The republican leader indicated he would help the government against "Hooliganism," but the pro-treaty members are said to fear he would embarrass what remains to be done under the treaty, particularly regarding the constitution of the free state.

BONUS BILL UP AGAIN.

Measure to be Discussed at White House Conference.

The soldiers' bonus bill will be dis cussed, it is understood, at a conference between the President and Senator Watson of Indiana, republican member of the finance committee, at member of the finance committee, at the White House this afternoon.

It is now several weeks since the republican conference of the Senate went on record as favoring the passage of a soldiers' bonus bill and the report of a measure for that purpose from the finance committee in a reasonable time. So far the committee has taken no action. There has been an inclination to wait to hear what the President has to say.

KINKAID WILL RETIRE.



AT GENOA.

BLIZZARD DEFENSE BALKED BY JUDGE

Overrules Motion to Order Verdict of Not Guilty on Treason Charge.

CHARLES TOWN, W. Va., May 19. -Judge J. M. Woods today overruled a motion to direct a verdict of not guilty in the case of William Blizzard, mine union official, charged with treason as a result of the armed march last summer against Logan county non-union strongholds in the coal fields of the state.

Judge Woods on the other defense motion limited the state as to the overt act on which it relied to convict the defendant to his presence with the armed marchers in Logar

Taking up one by one in his decision the principal points advanced in the arguments, Judge Woods held first that there had been evidence sufficient for consideration by the jury that war existed and had been levied by the armed men.

Division Argus He also reviewed the argument that | Delehanty.

treason against a state was impossible because of the division of authority between state and federal governments, and held that this position could not be maintained.

tion could not be maintained.

Points raised by A. M. Belcher of the prosecution in his argument as suporting the treason charge: That levying war was proven by the testimony and constituted the overt act alleged; that defense claims that the purposes of the marchers were not unlawful failed, because the purpose, the attorfiey said, was to kill all the constituted authorities of Logan county before they began union organization, and that was a treasonable purpose; that the federal government's authority was delegated from sovereign states, invalidating the defense argument there could be no treason against a state because the federal Constitution limited the sovereignty Constitution limited the sovereignt of the separate state; that successfully to instigate treason is to commit it, and that the forces with whom the armed miners fought were military forces called under power given the

governor. Many Defense Arguments. Among contentions stressed by T. C.

Townsend, defense attorney, were: That, although there had been much evidence that many people committed rimes different and distinct from reason, the jury should not be given he opportunity to pass on a question of treason, because treason was the thought most remote from the mind of the defendant or any other (Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

were killed and one was injured when a sweer under construction at Loss Nation. Iowa, near, here, caved in and buried the three men under ten feet of earth. Four men had been working in the trench, about twenty feet deep and two feet wide, when it suddenly gave way. One man escaped with slight injuries. crimes different and distinct from treason, the jury should not be given the opportunity to pass on a ques-tion of treason, because treason was the thought most remote from the mind of the defendant or any other

DROPS COUNTER SUIT. Chauffeur Husband of Grand Opera Singer Permits Divorce.

Glotzbach, chauffeur, of Del Monte, Calif., today instructed his attorney to cancel his divorce petition filed several weeks ago as a counter action to the suit brought by his wife, Mme. Margaret Matzenauer, grand opera

Her suit was instituted in New York after their separation. Glotz-bach said he would not oppose her efforts to get a divorce.

Court Holds Complaint o Company That Operated in Siberia as Unsupported.

NEW YORK, May 19 .- Gen. Gregorie Semenoff, former ataman of the Cossacks, was ordered released from ar-

rest today by the appellate division of the supreme court, which reversed the decision of Supreme Court Justice warrant obtained by the Youroveta

\$25,000 bail. The appellate judges unanimously

The appellate judges unanimously held that there was no competent evidence that the court in China which granted a judgment against Semenoff had jurisdiction over the subject matter involved or had acquired jurisdiction over the defendant.

The court held that even if the judgment of the Chinese court were enforceable here there was no ground for holding Semenoff, as the plaintiff had failed to show by affidavit that Semenoff was "about to remove or dispose of his property with intent to defraud his creditors."

CAVE-IN KILLS THREE.

Another Injured When Walls Sewer Collapse.

CLINTON, Iowa., May 19.-Three men were killed and one was injured when

Moving Picture Shows by Radio Perfected by Local Inventor

Moving pictures now may be transmitted by radio from a central broadmitted by radio from a central broadmand his mind became sluggish and he
decided to take a rest. After a long
automobile trip he finally bought an
aeroplane, with which he made many
mights over Washington and used it to
go on fishing trips. world may be transmitted instantly flights over Washin go on fishing trips. into newspaper offices the moment it was while returning to Washing-they happen. and even notorious ton on one of these trips that the criminals may be stood up in one central station and their likeness took two of the prismatic rings, one shown to the police in every city, with a plus error and the other with an town and hamlet of the world instantanéously.

This announcement came today from the local laboratory of C. Francis Jenkins, 1519 Connecticut avenue northwest, where for more than twenty years he has been working on this idea along with his other moving ploture inventions, for he holds the Elliott Cresson gold medal, awarded by the Franklin Institute of America, as the originator and inventor of the movins picture machine, to which he has added numerous improvements, which have brought it to its present day, perfection.

Though he has been working for years on the transmission of pictures by wireless, it so happened that the solution came into his brain while flying in his airplane over Mount Vernon several weeks ago. He went immediately to his laboratory and experiments made to him while in the air. Mr. Jenkins had been working on the problem for years, and has told of its possibilities at many solentific conventions, but the one trouble was in correcting errors in the new prismatic rings which held the secret which he amounted today.

Always in the manufacture of these rings of which he also is the inventions of these reasons are ciber could set he conficulty. cis Jenkins, 1519 Connecticut avenue

thought occurred to him that if he

equal minus error, it would give the equal minus error, it would give the zero of perfecting necessary to accomplish the results which he announced today. It worked. Moving picture shows now can be sent out from a central station to audiences and people in the home may have pictures in good and bad weather without leaving the fireside. They can see things in various parts of the world as they are happening, according to the inventor.

Aside from the prismatic rings, which furnish the real secret of the new method of broadcasting pictures, the other instruments have been known in the scientific and technical world for years. There is a light known in the scientific and technical world for years. There is a light detecting box which takes the picture through a lens in front of the prismatic rings and as the light rays pass through it sends them out through the air just as the voice is sent out by the carbon transmitter. On the receiving end there is an ordinary telegraph instrument with a mirror affixed to it. The light wave causes this instrument to vibrate and the mirror sends the light on through a "light valve," which is nothing mere than a glass tube filled with carbon bisuiphide and wound with wire, much after the fashion of the tuning cell now used in wireless. This tube regulates the varying intensities of the light way

LOSERS AT POLLS SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.-Floyd **Recent Pennsylvania Primary**

Results Hard to Analyze, However.

difficulty in drawing fair conclusions as to the influence of the pending bonus legislation on the verdict at ference that the result evidenced sentiment against the bonus seems more discernible, for two reasons-first, because Senator Pepper made no concealment of his opposition to the bonus, but, on the contrary, rather welcomed opportunity to declare himself, and, second, because his maority over his opponent, who sustained the bonus proposition, was so marked, while at the same time the party organization back of him did not support Candidate Alter for the

It develops that several of the re publican candidates for the House Home and Foreign Trade Company, a who failed of renomination had voted New York bankrupt concern, which for the bonus in the House, and stress New York bankrupt concern, which charged him with seizing supplies owned by the company in Siberia. The higher court directed that \$10 is known that other considerations has been laid upon that fact by those who are contesting the plan. Yet, it is known that other considerations have led him to believe that there will not be any such action on the part of real estate men and landlords. costs be awarded. He is now out on entered into the contest besides the ters, Darrow, Connell and Jones, who failed, voted for the bonus. Representative Focht, however, who claims bonus question. Representatives Wal-

nomination on later returns, also voted for the bonus.
Gov. Sproul of Pennsylvania, in his statement, laid the result in Pennsylvania to a number of causes, including discontent, unemployment and restlessness, and it is said by politicians that in some cases the wet and dry question entered.

Liquor Issue in Illinois In Illinois, where Representatives Copley and Ireland, both supporters of the bonus, were defeated, it is asserted that the wet and dry interests figured materially, although no direct issue was made openly. The bonus question is not thought to have influenced the defeat of Sen- District. ator New of Indiana, as he had not voted on the question and had not made any decided announcement as to his attitude. His friends say they

would class him as being not very enthusiastic for the bonus.

At American Legion headquarters in this city comment is being withheld for the present on the primary results in their bearing upon public sentiment over the bonus.

The Oregon primaries, which are being held today, may throw more light upon the subject, as in several candidacies in that state the influence of the service men's vote and the bonus is expected to play a prominent part. inent part.

WOMAN TO SUPERINTEND LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Mrs. de K. Woods Named by

was appointed by

wilson may ears ago.

ara. Woods is at present chief of the certificate division of the copyright of the certificate division of the certificate division of the copyright of the certi

U. S. RELIEF WORKERS REPORTING ATROCITIES. FIND LIVES IN JEOPARDY

By the Associated Press.
CONSTANTINOPLE, May 19.— Publication of reports by American relief workers in the interior of Asia Minor concerning the systematic persecution of Christians by the Turkish nationalists has jeopardized the position of the

missionary circles here. Many of these reports had been submitted confidentially to the league of nations, and it is believ-

workers, it is declared in American

league of nations, and it is believed that prompt and energetic action by the powers is necessary to secure the safety of the agents, now that publicity has been given to their evidence.

All the workers corroborate the stories of atrocities, especially the progress of the so-called white massacres, which consist of driving parties of Christians from place to place until they die from sickness, famine or exhaustion.

The statement issued by the Turkish nationalist representative here that some of the missionaries and relief workers had denied the reported atrocities is declared by the missionary authorities to be a fabrication.

BALL ACT MAY PASS HOUSE ON MONDAY

Reed Declares Changes Will Forestall Serious Objections.

Although he has not made any canvass of the House, Representative Reed of West Virginia expressed confidence today that he will be able to get the rent commission bill passed by the House on Monday. He says that he has been careful to get written into the bill such changes as will part of property owners.

that of doing away with the sub- ing of the death of the victims withlease evil as the most important. He out regard to the time of the combelieves that the enlargement of the pletion of the structure. The people commission and allowing the five were killed January 28 last and the Except in the case of the renomination of Senator Pepper, where the issue was more acutely drawn, analysis of recent primary results in He pointed out also that it has been hearing by Chief Justice McCoy. nomination contests are experiencing made easier for an owner to get

> Commission act.
>
> Representative Millspaugh of Missouri, who has led the fight against the measure, and who has prepared a minority report, expects to have it signed by Chairman Focht of the District committee, by the ranking democrat, Representative Gilbert of Kentucky, by Paragentative Law. tucky, by Representative Lee of New York and himself. He insisted today that those who are trying to put through this legislation are creating a false impression to the effect that there are to be wholesale evictions and a general raise in rents as soon as the present act expires next Mon-

PRIZEFIGHTS HERE

Commissioners Back Stand of Police Head-Too Many Evils Feared.

The District Commissioners today voted to oppose the bill now pending in Congress to legalize boxing in the

The city heads, at their board session today, received from Maj. Daniel Sullivan, superintendent of police, an unfavorable report on the bill and they concurred in his views.

fense is commendable in itself and should be encouraged wherever possible, "but I do not believe that the holding of the big professional title contests should be encouraged in the National Capital, and I believe that everything possible looking to the pre-vention and restriction of the influx of the undesirable element which is usually found a part of those who attend such events should be done," he added. In the opening paragraph of his report to the city heads Maj. Sullivan said:

Against Professional Matche "While I can see no particular objection to the holding of purely ama-

FOR DEATH OF 97 IN THEATER CRASH

Defendant in Knickerbocker Disaster Case Pleads Statute of Limitations.

NOT LIABLE UNDER LAW. SAYS IRON WORKS' HEAD

Seeks to Have Indictment for Manslaughter Set Aside-Disclaims Any Negligence.

John H. Ford, president of the Union Iron Works, today pleaded the statute of limitations in bar of his prosecution under an indictment charging him with manslaughter in connection with the collapse of the roof of the Knickerbocker Theater. January 28 last, which resulted in the death of ninety-seven patrons of the theater. No claims that the indict ment on its face shows that the offense charged did not accrue within three years before the finding of the indictment. The construction of the theater was completed in 1918 and the indictment was returned April 3, 1922. Through Attorneys Barnard & John son and George P. Hoover Mr. Ford also filed a demurrer to the indictment and assigns seventeen defects which make the "true bill" bad in substance and untenable, according to their view of the law.

Pesition of Maj. Gordon

In reference to the plea of the statute of limitations, United States Atforestall any serious objection on the torney Gordon declares that the statute would not begin to run until the Among these changes he considers collapse of the building and the caus-

He pointed out also that it has been made easier for an owner to get possession of his property, so that a person occupying only a few rooms could not delay the tearing down of the old structure to be replaced by an apartment house which would house many times as many people.

Representative Reed gave this encouragement to tenants that they can allay their fears as to the possibility of immediate evictions, since they will have the beneat of ten to twelve days even in cases where the first notices have been served, under the provisions of the retroactive clause in the bill, for extension of the Rent Commission act.

Representative Millspaugh of Missouri, who has led the fight against the measure, and who has prepared a minority report expects to the server of the structure of the construction work, "in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work," in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work, "in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work, "in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work," in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work, "in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work, "in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work, "in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work, "in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work, "in unison and conjointly with a very the first of the construction work the matters of law to be argued on the demuner of law to be argued on the demuner of the matters of law to be argued on the demuner of the matters of law to be argued on the demuner of the matters of law to be argued on the demuner of the matters of law to be argued on the demuner of the definite, and uncertain; that it at tempts the indictment is vague, in definite, individual duty continued to the provide the matters of law to be argued on the demuner of the definite and uncertain; that it tion work, "in unison and conjoin with any of the other defendants."

> Further Contentions. The indictment also fails to show, it is claimed, that Mr. Ford's duties were not wholly independent of the duties of the other defendants or that he had any authority or control over the co-defendants or any of them as to the work done or material furnished by any of the co-defendants, and therefore he cannot be held responsible criminally for any allowed. sponsible criminally for any alleged defect in the work done or material furnished by his co-defendants. It is also claimed that the indictment does not apprise the defendant of the par-ticular acts of negligence sought to be charged against him and fails to

ticular acts of negligence sought to be charged against him and fails to show any act or omission of the defendant which was the direct and immediate cause of the death of the theater victims.

There is nothing in the indictment showing any facts from which it can be inferred, it is asserted by counsel for Mr. Ford, that there was any duty on him either by contract or operation of law to notify and warn any person of the alleged dangerous and unsafe condition of the Knickerbocker Theater building or any neglect of duty in permitting patrons to attend the theater and be in the building at the time of its collapse.

Mr. Ford is indicted on a charge of manslaughter jointly with Reginald W. Geare, architect of the building; Richard G. Fletcher, foreman of the contracting firm in charge of the cement work; Donald M. Wallace, foreman for the building contractor, and Julian R. Downman, assistant building inspector. Geare filed a demurrer when the men were summoned for arraignment and the others entered pleas of not guilty. The latter are expected to join in the others entered pleas of not guilty The latter are expected to join i demurrer filed by Mr. Ford and to draw their pleas.

The superintendent of police told the Commissioners the art of self-defense is commendable in itself and

NEW YORK, May 19 .- Wage cuts

which may be enforced in the anthracite industry will result immediately in cheaper coal to the public, operators announced today after their offer to settle with the striking miners on a basis of 21 per cent ware reductions.

The offer was made as a reply to the miners' demand for an increase